

Introduction

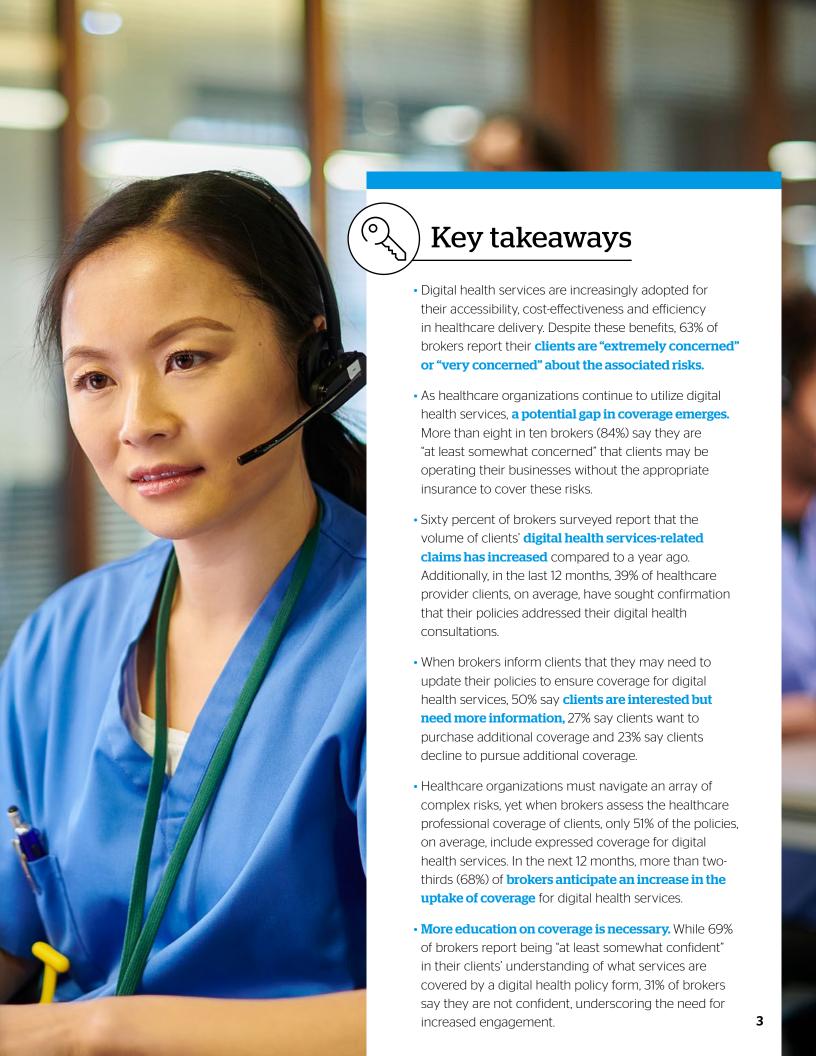
Digital health services, such as telehealth and telemedicine, have solidified their role as a transformative force in healthcare delivery. This shift, driven by the need for accessibility and patient demands for flexible, immediate solutions, has elevated digital health to an important method of care worldwide. These advancements require insurance partners to adapt and actively participate in addressing their broad implications.

Patients anticipate digital services to be seamlessly integrated into their healthcare, mirroring the broader trend towards digital convenience across all aspects of everyday life. Insurers are pivotal in meeting these expectations by offering relevant products and educating brokers and clients about the risks associated with these new services and technologies.

The evolving landscape of medical advancements and patient care has created a range of risks around diagnosis, treatment, data privacy and compliance. Digital health introduces exposures for a variety of businesses, from healthcare providers to the technology companies and platforms that deliver these services.

To deepen our understanding of how medical, health and wellness businesses are approaching insurance coverage for digital health services, we surveyed insurance brokers specializing in healthcare liability, with a focus on medical malpractice and allied healthcare liability. This effort reflects QBE's commitment to understanding how digital health impacts insurance coverage and what this means for providers and patients alike.

The survey findings indicate an opportunity for greater collaboration among clients, brokers and insurance carriers to ensure clients have the appropriate protection.



Navigating a complex and evolving risk landscape

Digital health services present opportunities for healthcare providers to improve patient access to care, enhance patient diagnosis and reduce costs through mobile applications, wearable sensors and machine learning algorithms. As these services become more common, patients now view them as essential for engaging with their healthcare providers. The survey findings indicate that in the last 12 months, 66% of brokers' healthcare provider clients, on average, interacted with their patients via a digital health platform rather than in-person.

The integration of digital health services like telehealth and telemedicine into traditional healthcare processes comes with a range of additional risks for providers that can generate allegations of medical malpractice, resulting in bodily injury. Nearly two-thirds (63%) of brokers say their clients are "extremely concerned" or "very concerned" about the risks associated with digital health services like telehealth and telemedicine.

Though many of the same risks of in-person services apply when conducting patient care via a digital setting, virtual services come with heightened exposure to falling out of compliance with federal and state regulations and even allegations of violating the standard of care. According to the survey findings, 60% of brokers say the number of digital health claims filed by their clients has increased compared to 12 months ago, with 34% reporting that the number remained the same and 6% reporting a decrease. Forty-four percent of brokers say alleged inadequate care provided via a digital setting is a risk that is driving digital health claims.

Digital health claims rising

60% of brokers say the number of digital health services-related claims filed by their clients has increased in the last 12 months.

Top reasons why digital health claims were denied

Given that some businesses may not have coverage for these risks, we asked brokers whose clients had claims denied due to lack of coverage to select the reasons behind the denials.

50%

Outside the scope of the provider's insured activities

49%

Telehealth services provided across state or national borders lacked proper licensing for coverage

46%

Picked up and covered by another policy



Closing the gaps in knowledge and coverage

The survey findings reveal businesses need more information and confirmation on the type of insurance that is needed to be adequately covered for digital health services.

Eighty-four percent of brokers say they are "at least somewhat concerned" that their clients may be operating their businesses without the appropriate coverage for digital health services. Despite this concern, 69% of brokers say they are "at least somewhat confident" in their clients' understanding of what types of services are covered by a digital health policy, while 31% of brokers are "not very" or "not at all" confident.

A surprising 30% of brokers say clients didn't purchase coverage for digital health services because they didn't realize additional coverage was available to them. These findings highlight the necessity for insurance partners to assess the scope of services their clients offer and the associated risks. Closing the gap with clear and easy-to-understand information about coverage and tailored solutions is a step in the right direction.

The survey findings show that clients are curious about coverage options. In the last 12 months, 39% of healthcare provider clients, on average, have requested confirmation that their coverage addressed their digital consultation exposure.

According to brokers surveyed, when it comes to the healthcare professional coverage of clients, only 51% of the policies, on average, include expressed coverage for digital health services. This means that 49% of clients, on average, lack specific coverage for these services whether it be from a lack of communication on the scope of their delivery methods or from a lack of understanding of the coverage they have in place.

As the digital health space continues to innovate, the insurance industry has responded by developing flexible solutions tailored to protect businesses. In fact, surveyed brokers indicated that, on average, 25% of their clients utilize a policy form specifically branded to cater to digital health insureds. While the specific coverage chosen may vary depending on individual client needs, the goal of having protection against these risks is the same.

Looking ahead: Uptake of additional coverage expected to increase

In the next 12 months, more than two-thirds (68%) of brokers anticipate an increase in the uptake of coverage for digital health services.

Clients are interested in digital health coverage

According to surveyed brokers, when clients are informed that they may need to update their policies to ensure coverage for digital health services, their reactions are as follows:

50%

Interested but need more information

27%

Want to purchase the additional coverage

23%

Decline to pursue additional coverage

Brokers were asked to select the reasons why clients decide not to purchase additional coverage for digital health services like telehealth and telemedicine.

46%

Believe telehealth platforms have sufficient liability coverage

46%

Believe they already have coverage

40%

Uncertain about the long-term viability or profitability of telehealth services

36%

Cost is too high

30%

Didn't realize additional coverage was available to them

279

Don't offer telehealth services often enough to justify extra coverage

*Brokers could select more than one option.



Cyber and tech issues driving digital health claims

According to brokers surveyed, technology/product errors **(41%)** and poor cybersecurity leading to compromised data **(38%)** are among the risks driving digital health claims.



Cyber and technology exposures

Due to the high volume of stored patient personal data, healthcare organizations are prime targets for cyberattacks. Like many large entities, healthcare organizations frequently collaborate with multiple technology vendors. This increases the risk that a cyberattack targeting one or more vendors could disrupt their operations, potentially compromising patient care and causing financial and reputational damage.

There is also the possibility that cyber and technology services can contribute to patient bodily injury. For instance, in telehealth and telemedicine scenarios, a malfunctioning platform or cyberattack may result in delayed treatment and potentially cause physical harm.

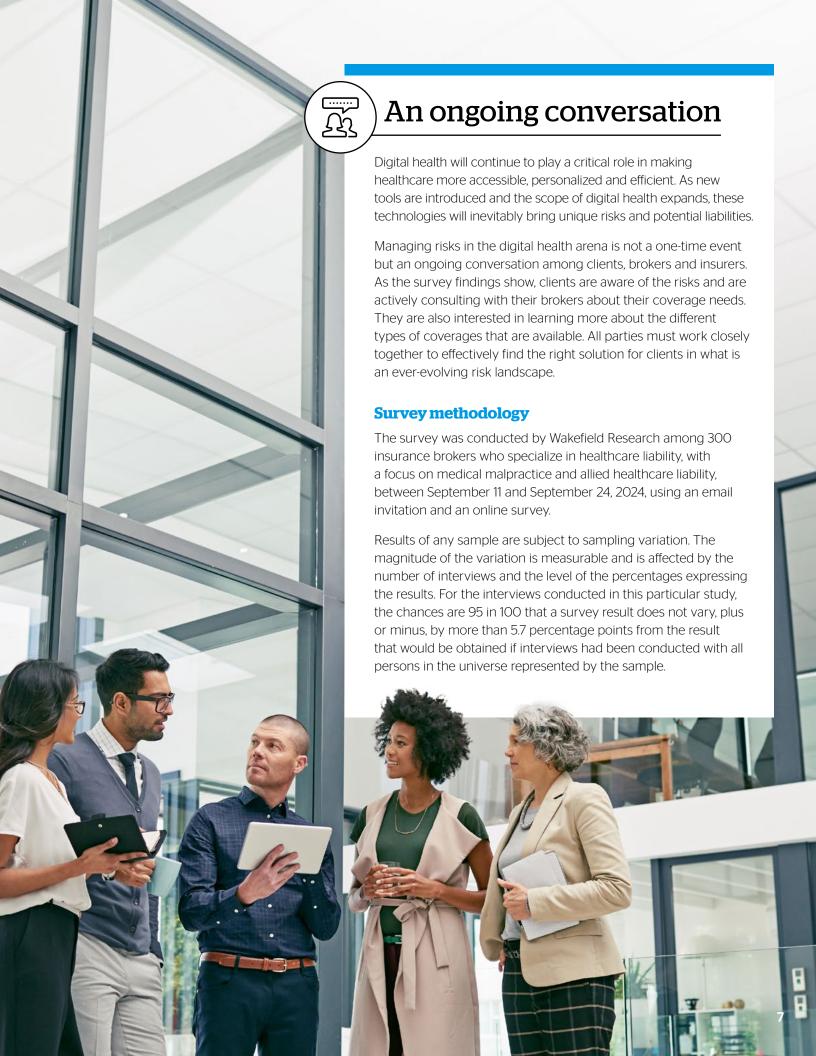
Cyber polices are mainly intended to address risks associated with data breaches and cyber threats, but they can also contain specific provisions for covering bodily injury. Professional liability insurance can cover claims arising from malpractice due to the use of digital health technologies, though specifics of coverage vary across insurance carriers and policies.

According to the brokers surveyed, only 3% of clients, on average, filed a bodily injury claim related to a cyber or technology incident in the past 12 months. However, when reviewing cyber or technology coverage of their clients, surveyed brokers indicated that only 18% of policies, on average, include a "trigger" for bodily injury, with 66% of those policies, on average, holding bodily injury cover to a sublimit.

Together, these findings emphasize the need for brokers and insurers to collaborate and tailor comprehensive insurance solutions that meet the unique needs of their clients.

Healthcare industry faces ongoing cyber risks

More than one-quarter (26%) of brokers, on average, say their healthcare industry clients reported a cybersecurity incident or cyberattack in the previous 12 months.



About QBE

QBE North America is a global insurance leader helping customers solve unique risks, so they can stay focused on their future. Part of QBE Insurance Group Limited, QBE North America reported Gross Written Premiums in 2023 of \$7.6 billion. QBE Insurance Group's results can be found at qbe.com. Headquartered in Sydney, Australia, QBE operates out of 27 countries around the globe, with a presence in every key insurance market. The North America division, headquartered in New York, conducts business primarily through its insurance company subsidiaries. The actual terms and conditions of any insurance coverage are subject to the language of the policies as issued. Additional information can be found at qbe.com/us or follow QBE North America on LinkedIn, Facebook and Instagram.

About QBE Healthcare Liability

QBE's Healthcare Liability team understands the range of risks faced by healthcare organizations on their journey to provide quality healthcare. Our seasoned team of specialized, healthcare-focused underwriters, claims and actuarial professionals enable us to navigate these risks and develop solutions specifically tailored to support healthcare providers.

Our flagship product, Miscellaneous Medical Liability, has been created specifically to fit the diverse needs of healthcare professionals. Let us focus on the risk, so healthcare providers can focus on delivering quality care to their patients.

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